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RELEASE 92-2/2023

Release date: 4 July 2024

# Balance of coal

# 2022

Primary production of coal in Montenegro in 2022 was 1 722.5 thousand tonnes of lignite.

Total final consumption of coal in 2022 was 22.8 thousand tonnes, 8.3 thousand tonnes consumed in industry, while 14.5 thousand tonnes consumed in other sectors. For electricity production, as transformation input was used 1 456.6 thousand tonnes of lignite.

Graph 1. Consumption of coal for electricity production in Montenegro, in thous. tonnes

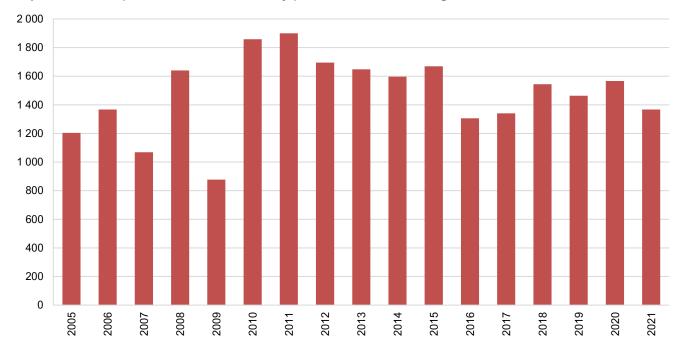


Table 1. Balance of coal in Montenegro, 2022

	Coal - total	Lignite	Coal - total	Lignite
	1 000 t		TJ	
Production	1 722.5	1 722.5	17 270	17 270
Imports	-	-	-	_
Exports	-243.1	-243.1	-2 437	-2 437
Intl. marine bunkers	-	-	_	-
Stock change	-		-	-
Domestic supply	1 479.4	1 479.4	14 832	14 832
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Statistical difference	-	-	-	-
Transformations	1 456.6	1 456.6	14 604	14 604
Thermal power plants (Main producers)	1 456.6	1 456.6	14 604	14 604
Thermal power plants (Autoproducers)	-	-	-	-
Cogeneration CHP (Main producers)	-	-	-	-
Cogeneration CHP (Autoproducers)	-	-	-	-
Heat-only plants (Main producers)	-	-	-	-
Heat-only plants (Autoproducers)	-	-	-	-
Patent fuel, briquetting and coke plants	-	-	-	-
Oil refineries	-	-	-	-
Other transformation sector	-	-	-	-
Energy sector	-	-	-	-
Coal mines	-	-	-	-
Thermal power plants and CHPs	-	-	-	-
Thermal power plants (Autoproducers)	-	-	-	-
Heat-only plants (Autoproducers)	-	-	-	-
Patent fuel, briquetting and coke plants	_	-	_	-
Hydro power plants	_	-	_	-
Distribution losses	_	-	-	_
Available for final consumption	22.8	22.8	229	229
Industry sector	8.3	8.3	83	83
Iron and steel	-	-	-	-
Chemical and petrochemical	-	-	-	-
Non-ferrous metals	-	-	-	-
Non-metallic minerals	-	-	-	-
Transport equipment	-	-	-	-
Machinery	1.0	1.0	10	10
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-
Food and tobacco	5.0	5.0	50	50
Paper, pulp and print	-	-	-	-
Wood and wood products	1.5	1.5	15	15
Construction materials	-	-	-	-
Textile and Leather	-	-	-	-
Non-specified	0.8	0.8	8	8
Transport	-	-	-	-
International civil aviation	-	-	-	-
Domestic air	-	_	-	-
Road	-	_	-	-
Rail	-	-	-	-
Pipeline transport	-	-	_	-
Internal navigation	-	-	-	_
Non-specified	_	-	_	_
Agriculture, residental and other	14.5	14.5	145	145
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	-	-
Addiculture, loresity and usumo				
Residential	7.5	7.5	75	75

#### **METHODOLOGICAL NOTES**

Balance of coal contains annual data on production, import, export, transformation, consumption, and distribution of coal in Montenegro in 2022. Data are presented in the natural units of measure and in TJ (terajoule).

The methodology for calculation of balance of coal, definitions, and statistical terminology are harmonized with the international IEA/OECD/EUROSTAT standards.

## **Data sources (coverage)**

The reporting units for balance of coal are companies engaged in the production of coal. Balance of coal also covers the data from statistical surveys in the area of energy, foreign trade, industry, transport, and agriculture.

#### Method of data collection

The data are processed using the compilation method.

#### **Definition**

*Primary production* is a form of energy that has not been converted or transformed (coal, oil, natural gas, biomass, firewood, hydro power energy, geothermal energy, wind energy and solar energy).

*Imports and exports cover quantities* that crossed the national border.

Marine bunkers cover the quantities delivered for international navigation purposes.

Statistical differences are a category that includes the sum of unknown statistical differences between the production and consumption of selected fuels.

Gross inland energy consumption is calculated as follows:

# **Primary production**

- + Imports
- Exports
- + Stock changes
- Marine bunkers

Transformation - input is the consumption of fuels as raw materials for energy production in thermal power plants, CHP, auto producers, district heating plants, refineries, blast furnace plants and coal transformation.

Transformation - output covers the production of transformed energy forms (thermoelectricity, heat, petroleum products, blast furnace gas and oxygen steel furnace gas).

Exchange and transfers include inter product transferred (distillates), products transferred (hydro energy) and recycled products (naphtha, fuel oil and lubricants).

Own consumption in energy sector covers the energy used for energy sector running.

*Distribution losses* include losses incurred in transmission and distribution of energy.

Energy available for final consumption is the energy intended for final consumers.

Final consumption of energy covers final consumption of available energy for energy purposes in:

- industry (iron and steel, non-ferrous metal, chemical industry, non-metal minerals, mining and quarrying, food, drink and tobacco industry, textile, leather and clothing, paper and printing, engineering and other metal industry, other industries);
- transport (rail, road, air, inland, other);
- households, agriculture and other sectors (e.g. education, health, administration, etc.).

Brown coal/lignite – non-agglomeration coal with a GCV less than 20 000 kJ/kg.

## **Conversion Equivalents between Units of Energy**

Conversion factors for converting energy into various energy units are published in the Manual of Energy Statistics IEA / OECD / Eurostat.

The conversion referred to a particular energy unit are shown in Table:

	TJ	Gcal	Mtoe	GWh
TJ	1	238,8	2,388 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.2778
Gcal	4,1868 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	10 <sup>-7</sup>	1,163 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
Mtoe	4,1868 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	1	11630
GWh	3,6	860	8,6 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1

78 0<sup>-3</sup> 30 It may happen that the total sum does not match the number of individual data, and that the cumulative data is not always equal to the sum of individual results due to rounding of numbers.

When using the data, state: "Data source: Statistical Office of Montenegro - MONSTAT"

More information, as well as detailed methodological explanations can be found in the section: <u>Balance of coal</u>

## Unit of measure:

TJ = Terajoule Gcal = Gigacalorie

Mtoe = Milion tonnes of oil equivalent

GWh = Gigawatt hour

t = Tonne

# Symbol:

- = No occurence of event

... = Data not available

(0) = Statistics irelevant data (small data value)

1) = Footnote

Contact for media: