QUALITY REPORT 2019

Consumption of construction and propulsion materials

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1. Introduction – Basic information about the survey

1.1 Purpose, goal and subject of the survey
The aim of survey is to collect the data necessary for the calculation of quantity and value of building and drive material spent. The data will be available at the product group by type of material.

1.2 Legal basis
The Law on Official Statistics and Official Statistical System (Official Gazette of Montenegro No 18/12, 47/19) defines provisions for collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The Law provides to the Statistical Office legal powers to collect and access the data necessary for the implementation of Programme and Annual Plan. The Law gives a priority to the use of administrative data and right of access to individual data that are a result of survey of other official statistical producers. As an annex to legal provisions, Statistical Office has signed several memoranda on cooperation with administrative data providers.

1.3 Statistical units
Observation units are enterprises in the field of civil engineering and construction company which is not the main activity and for this purpose use the material for construction of facilities for maintenance, repair and operation of machinery and rolling stock, and firewood for stationery and other supplies.

1.4 Coverage and scope of survey

1.4.1 Sectors
Reporting units of survey on construction activities are enterprises with 5 and more employees which are registered in sector F - construction (area 41, 42, 43) according to the classification NACE Rev.2 and enterprises (KAU) which are not registered in sector F, but whose local units perform the construction works and for this purpose the material: 1. For the construction of buildings; 2. For maintenance and repair of mechanical and vehicle fleet; 3. The operation of machinery and rolling stock, and firewood; 4. Office and other auxiliary materials. Enterprises with turnover = 0 are excluded.

1.4.2 Statistical population
The 2019 sample comprised 105 enterprises with primary and secondary activity in the construction.

1.5 Referent geographical area
Montenegro

1.6 Concepts and definitions
The subject of survey are the quantity and value of spent construction and propulsion material. The quantity of spent materials are included in the unit of measure that is most frequently applied in practice. The consumption of construction and propulsion materials is presented for the total construction enterprise submitting the report, including also the consumption of electricity and material for heating for joint services. Non-construction enterprises report the consumption of building material only for business units, as well as the consumption of fuel and other material for their needs. The type of material is presented based on the records kept by material accounting, regardless if the reporting unit purchased or produced the material by itself.

1.7 Classifications
NACE Rev. 2
1.8 Frequency of data collection

Data are collected annually.

1.9 Frequency of data dissemination

This survey is annually disseminated.

1.10 Methodology

A statement of methodology is available on website:

1.11 Base period

Reference year.

1.12 Unit of measure

Values are expressed in thousands of Euro, while the quantity is expressed in defined units of measure.

1.13 Source of data

The reporting units are enterprises which are registered in sector F according to NACE Rev.2 classification and enterprises whose construction is a secondary activity. The list of companies is taken from the Business Register.

1.14 Method of collection data

Data are collected through questionnaires (by post, email or fax)

2. Relevance – Data users

2.1 User needs

International users:
- Eurostat,
- World Bank,
- UN organizations,
- International Monetary Fund
National users:
- Ministries and other public administration bodies,
- Local government, and
- Other local government bodies.
- Central bank,
- Non-governmental organizations,
- Students,
- Researchers,
- Media.

2.2 User satisfaction

The Statistical Office has adopted the Quality Management Strategy, the Guidebook to the Implementation of the Quality Management Strategy, as well as the Plan for the Implementation of the Quality Policy. In order to measure the degree to which fulfills obligations towards users and within the new quality policy, the Statistical Office conducted User satisfaction survey. Data collection was carried out through a web survey, in the period from 1 September to 20 October, 2017. The results of the survey are available on the Statistical Office website, link:

3. Accuracy and reliability

3.1 Accuracy – Overall remark
The results of survey on consumption of construction material and fuel are based on a sample of reporting units and are subject to the usual types of errors associated with sampling techniques, as well as non-sampling errors, measurement errors, processing errors and non-response.

3.2 Sampling error
Survey on consumption of construction and propulsion materials is done on a sample basis. Included are enterprises and KAU with 5 and more employees who are registered in sector F according to the classification NACE Rev.2. The sample includes all reporting units from the class 2 and 3 (50 and more employees), while reporting units from class 1 is selected by random sample.

Indicators of sampling error
Sampling error is regularly calculated and on average it was 0.01% in 2019. The coefficient of variation was also the same.

3.3 Non-sampling error
Non-sampling errors are tied to other errors that are not related to the sample. Non-sampling errors include: coverage errors, measurement errors, processing errors, and non-response errors.

3.3.1 Coverage error
Coverage error is the divergence between the frame population and the target population. The coverage errors include: over – coverage and under – coverage.

Indicators of coverage error
Over - coverage is appearing when a company which is registered in sector F deliver information to deal with the some other activity (not construction), which means it should not have been found in the frame of sample.

3.3.2 Error of measurement
Measurement errors are errors that occur during data collection and cause recorded values of variables to be different from the true ones.

3.3.3 Non response error
Non-response errors occur when the survey fails to get response to one, or possibly to all questions of the survey. Non - response errors include:unit non response and item non response.

Unresponsive unit rate
The unit non response rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of units which did not responded to the total number of eligible units.

Non response rate
The item non repsonse rate is calculated as the ratio of the eligible units which have not responded to a particular item and the in-scope units that are required to respond to that particular item. Average item non response rate was about 7%
3.3.4 Error processing the data
The collected data goes through a series of processes before the final estimation: encryption, input, editing, imputation, weighting, tabulation, etc. Errors arising in these phases are called processing errors.

*Imputation rate*
Not available

3.4 Seasonal adjustment
Not relevant.

3.5 Data revision

3.5.1 Data revision policy
Statistical Office has adopted the revision policy and it is available on the website http://www.monstat.org/eng/page.php?id=1411&pageid=1411

3.5.2 Data revision practice
Survey of consumption of building material, electricity and gas uses regular revisions. Large and unplanned revisions are only used in the specific cases defined by the revision policy.

3.5.3 Data revision - average size
Not relevant.

4. Timeliness and punctuality

4.1 Timeliness
The data are published 9 months after the end of the reference period.

*Time lag of the first results*
The number of days (or weeks or months) from the last day of the reference period to the day of publication of first results: T1 = dfrst - dref, T1 = 35 days, dfrst - release date of first results; dref - last day (date) of the reference period of the statistics. Deadlines for balance of coal data during 2019 are published according to the Statistical Release Calendar.

*Time lag of the final results*
The number of days (or weeks or months) from the last day of the reference period to the day of publication of complete and final results. Data for balance of electricity are published 9 months after the end of the reference period in accordance with release calendar.

4.2 Punctuality
Deadlines for publishing have been complied in accordance with the Statistical Release Calendar.
5. Availability and clarity

5.1 Statistical Release Calendar
The Law on Official Statistics and Official Statistical System (Official Gazette of Montenegro No 18/12, 47/19) stipulates that official statistical producers prepare, update, and publish Statistical Release Calendar. It is published on the website of Statistical Office not later than 20 December for the next year, for all official statistical producers that includes date of releasing statistical data. Any change in date of releasing in the Calendar is published in advance in accordance with the Procedure on Unplanned Revisions.

5.2 Access the data Release Calendar

5.3 Releases

5.4 Publication
Statistical Office publishes the following regular publications:
1. Monthly Statistical Review,
2. Statistical Yearbook,
3. Montenegro in Numbers,
4. Annual Statistics of Transport, Storage and Connections,
5. Number and Structure of Business Entities.
In addition to the above regular ones, Statistical Office publishes also additionally publications. Some of the most important additional publications are as it follows:
1. Women and Men in Montenegro,
2. Children in Montenegro,
3. The most often used statistical data,

All publication published by Statistical Office are available at the following link: http://monstat.org/eng/publikacije.php

5.5 On-line database
http://195.66.179.231/pxwebEng/pxweb/en/Short-term%20indicators/?rxid=7fa17ab3-0d2e-46f4-ac7f-dbe053d3dfc9

5.6 Access to micro data
The Law on Official Statistics and Official Statistical System (Official Gazette of Montenegro No 18/12, 47/19) regulates rules under which external users can obtain an access to individual data for needs of research. Article 58 defines types of scientific and research organizations that can obtain such data. Providing individual data without identifier is possible only upon a written request of scientific and research institutions, with purpose of performing scientific and research activities as well as international statistical organizations and statistical producers from other countries. Research entity signs the agreement with Statistical Office, and it signs the statement on respecting the confidentiality principle. Official statistical producers keeps a separate records on users and purpose of using the statistical data given to these users.

5.7 Metadata occupancy
The ratio of the number of metadata elements provided to the total number of metadata elements applicable. For these survey, the metadata fill rate is 100%.
6. Comparability

6.1 Spatial comparability
The survey is conducted for national purposes.

6.2 Time comparability
Data on consumption of construction and propulsion materials have been produced for more than 30 years.

*Time comparability indicator*
Data on consumption of construction and propulsion materials have been available since 2010 on the MONSTAT website and there are comparable over the time.