QUALITY REPORT 2016

Annual survey on wholesale trade

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1. Introduction – Basic information about the survey

1.1 Purpose, goal and subject of the survey
The aim of this survey is the assessment of the total turnover in wholesale trade by commodity groups. The data collected are used for monitoring volume and dynamics in turnover, analysis of effects of trade policy measures, analysis of volume and structure of turnover in wholesale trade by commodity groups and analysing the total economy trends.

1.2 Legal basics
The Law on Official Statistics and Official Statistical System (Official Gazette of Montenegro No 18/12) defines provisions for collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The Law provides to the Statistical Office clear and wide legal powers to collect and access the data necessary for the implementation of Programme and Annual Plan. The Law gives a priority to the use of administrative data and right of access to individual data that are a result of survey of other official statistical producers. As an annex to legal provisions, Statistical Office has signed several memoranda on cooperation with administrative data providers.

1.3 Statistical units
For wholesale trade survey the reporting and observation unit are the same. Units of statistical observation and reporting for which data are provided, are enterprises with main activity in the Statistical Business Register is in Division 46 NACE Rev2.

1.4 Coverage and scope of survey

1.4.1 Sectors
Reporting units are all enterprises (companies) whose main activity is trade and who are in the Statistical Business Register registered in the area of 46 NACE Rev2. Entrepreneurs and enterprises with turnover = 0 are excluded. Data are broken down by turnover size of statistical units (enterprises). Five classes are applied in accordance with accounting standards:

- Class 1: 0-24 999 Euro
- Class 2: 25 000-199 999 Euro
- Class 3: 200 000-999999 Euro
- Class 4: 1 000 000-4 999 999 Euro
- Class 5: more than 5 000 000 Euro

1.4.2 Statistical population
The sample frame was based on the data from the Statistical Business Register and includes all active businesses in the wholesale area 46 NACE Rev2. Entrepreneurs and enterprises with turnover = 0 are excluded. The stratification of the sample is done on the base of class and group of companies. Classes are determined by turnover of companies:

- Class 1: 0 - 24 999 Euro
- Class 2: 25 000 - 199 999 Euro
- Class 3: 200 000 - 999999 Euro
- Class 4: 1 000 000 - 4 999 999 Euro
- Class 5: more than 5 000 000 Euro

The sample includes all companies in the class 4 and 5 and the rest is determined by random sampling. Groups are determined by activity of enterprise (NACE Rev2):
GROUPS ACTIVITY (KD_NACE_Rev2)

1 461
2 462
3 463
4 464
5 465
6 466
7 467
8 469

1.5 Referent geographical area
The whole territory of Montenegro.

1.6 Concepts and definitions
Indices of turnover in wholesale show the dynamics of the value of turnover in wholesale trade in the territory of Montenegro. Wholesale trade includes activities in the field of 46 KD NACE Rev2.

The wholesale trade involves the sale of new or used goods, without processing, for further sale or processing, and sales of major consumer goods for their own consumption.

Transport of goods with VAT included - The total turnover of the company realized during the year on the territory of Montenegro expressed in euro. It includes the total turnover including VAT which the company achieved, regardless of whether it was recorded in wholesale trade or other activities.

VAT - value added tax value as established by the customer.

Inventories - the value of stock purchase prices that are in warehouses and warehouses of the Company as at the end of the year.

Number of employees - defined as the total number of employees who work in the observation unit (including working proprietors, partners working regularly in the unit and unpaid family workers), as well as persons who work outside the unit they belong to and which it pays (eg. commercial representatives, workers at the delivery, repair and maintenance teams). Also to include workers who do not work full time under the law of the country and who are not on the payroll, as well as seasonal workers, craftsmen and workers who work at home, and who are on the payroll.

Transport of goods with VAT by goods - goods sold by the structure of the sales range from the tax on value added for each commodity group.

1.7 Classifications
NACE Rev2 COICOP

1.8 Frequency of data collection
Yearly.

1.9 Frequency of data dissemination
Yearly.

1.10 Methodology
Methodology of wholesale trade survey is available on MONSTAT website: http://www.monstat.org/userfiles/file/trgovina/Metodologija-tr%20veliko.pdf
1.11 Base period
The base year is 2010.

1.12 Unit of measure
Turnover - in Euro
Number of employees - counted numerically
Changes compared to the previous periods – indices numbers

1.13 Source of data
Data are collected on a sample of reporting units including Statistical Business Register (SBR) in MONSTAT which are registered according to 46 NACE Rev. 2 classifications. Company filled information based on accounting records.

2. Relevance – Data users

2.1 User needs
International users:
- Eurostat,
- World Bank,
- UN organizations,
- International Monetary Fund.
National users:
- Ministries and other public administration bodies,
- Local government, and
- Other local government bodies.
- Central bank,
- Non-governmental organizations,
- Students,
- Researchers,
- Media.

2.2 User satisfaction
With purpose of determining user satisfaction with quality data and defining their needs, Statistical Office for the first time carried out the User Satisfaction Survey in 2017. The survey was done from 1 September to 20 October. The survey link was sent to users that sent request to the official email address in period 2013-2017. Additionally, the questionnaire is put on the website of Statistical Office. The processing of data obtained by the mentioned survey is ongoing, while final result are ready until the end of year, both for total users satisfaction, and by domains.

3. Accuracy and reliability

3.1 Accuracy – Overall remark
The yearly wholesale trade survey results are based on a sample of reporting units and are subject to the usual types of errors associated with sampling techniques, as well as non-sampling errors, measurement errors, processing errors and non-response.
3.2 Sampling error

Since the survey does not include all units of a target population but rather a randomly selected sample of units, there are sample errors that may occur in estimations. A variation coefficient is a relative measure (percentage) of the accuracy of an estimate. Along with these measures, a lower and upper limit of a confidence interval is calculated.

*Indicators of sampling error*

Sampling error is regularly calculated for each year for turnover index on the level of Division 46. Standard error for 2015 for wholesale – total turnover of Division 46 is 0.01. Coefficient of variance is 0.01.

3.3 Non-sampling error

Non-sampling errors are tied to other errors that are not related to the sample. Non-sampling errors include: Coverage errors, Measurement errors, Processing errors and Non-response errors.

3.3.1 Coverage error

Coverage error is the divergence between the frame population and the target population. The coverage errors include: over-coverage and under-coverage.

*Indicators of coverage error*

Over-coverage is appearing when a company which is registered in 46 (the area that is the subject of observation) deliver information to deal with some other activity (not wholesale), and in case when the company is closed. Only 1.23% of the units in the sample in 2016 are defined as over-coverage, which did not affect the final result. Under-coverage can cause an underestimation, because those units that have remained outside the frame can affect the final result. For this reason, the real impact assessment units which are not included in the coverage. The under-coverage includes units engaged in wholesale, and are registered in other activities, as well as those companies which are registered in the course of the observed year, and beyond the frame for the choosing of the sample. Share of under-coverage in 2016 was 6.71%.

3.3.2 Error of measurement

Measurement errors are errors that occur during data collection and cause recorded values of variables to be different from the true ones. Indirect analysis based on the results on editing phase is implemented for correction. Every year, from reporting units is required the same variables, which facilitates filling out the questionnaire.

3.3.3 Non-response error

Non-response errors occur when the survey fails to get response to one, or possibly to all questions of the survey. Non-response errors include: unit non-response and item non-response.

*Nonresponse rate*

The unit non-response rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of units which did not responded to the total number of eligible units (unweight rate). Average unit non-response rate in 2016 was about 10.6%.

3.4 Seasonal adjustment

The first results are published 6 months after the end of the reference year. Questionnaires are sent to reporting units at the beginning of the year. The deadline for replies is May 10 of current year for reference year.
3.5 Data revision

3.5.1 Data revision policy
Statistical Office has adopted the revision policy and it is available on the website http://www.monstat.org/eng/page.php?id=1411&pageid=1411

3.5.2 Data revision practice
Typical revisions are minimal. Significant revisions are used only if there is a methodological changes. As there is no official policy revisions, the Wholesale Survey used the following measures: For significant revisions (such as changing the base year) are converted to all series, but the changes have not been announced. A claim that there is a change is published together with edited data. If the error occurs, it is corrected in the shortest possible time and in the next release. All information is viewed as preliminary until the next release when preliminary data become final.

3.5.3 Data revision - average size
Not available.

4 Timeliness and punctuality

4.1 Timeliness
The first results are published 6 months after the end of the reference year. Questionnaires are sent to reporting units at the beginning of the year. The deadline for replies is May 10 of current year for reference year.

Time lag of the first results
The number of days (or weeks or months) from the last day of the reference period to the day of publication of first results:
\[ T1 = df\text{rst} - d\text{ref}, \]
\[ T1 = 6 \text{ months and 20 days} \]
df\text{rst} - release date of first results
d\text{ref} - last day (date) of the reference period of the statistics.
Deadlines for publication retail trade data during 2016 are published according to the Release Calendar. The Release Calendar is available on the MONSTAT website: http://www.monstat.org/eng/page.php?id=12&pageid=12

Time lag of the final results
The number of days (or weeks or months) from the last day of the reference period to the day of publication of complete and final results. Wholesale data are published 200 days after the end of the reference period in accordance with release calendar. Information on the new release are treated as preliminary until the next release. Time gap of publication of final data in the wholesale releases is one year.

4.2 Punctuality TP3
Not relevant.
5. Availability and clarity

5.1 Release


5.2 Publication

Statistical Office publishes the following regular publications:

1. Monthly Statistical Review,
2. Statistical Yearbook,
3. Montenegro in Numbers,
4. Annual Statistics of Transport, Storage and Connections,
5. Number and Structure of Business Entities.

In addition to the above regular ones, Statistical Office publishes also additionally publications. Some of the most important additional publications are as it follows:

1. Women and Men in Montenegro,
2. Children in Montenegro,
3. The most often used statistical data.

All publication published by Statistical Office are available at the following link: [http://monstat.org/eng/publikacije.php](http://monstat.org/eng/publikacije.php)

5.3 Availability of microdata

The Law on Official Statistics and Official Statistical System (Official Gazette of Montenegro No 18/12) regulates rules under which external users can obtain an access to individual data for needs of research. Article 58 defines types of scientific and research organizations that can obtain such data. Providing individual data without identifier is possible only upon a written request of scientific and research institutions, with purpose of performing scientific and research activities as well as international statistical organizations and statistical producers from other countries. Research entity signs the agreement with Statistical Office, and it signs the statement on respecting the confidentiality principle. Official statistical producers keeps a separate records on users and purpose of using the statistical data given to these users.

6. Comparability

6.1 Comparability - geographical

No data are available by geographic areas that since the trade data refer to the whole territory of Montenegro and for national purposes.

6.2 Comparability - over time

Wholesale data have been produced for more than 50 years, but since 2006 they have been working according to the new methodology. By 2006, all businesses engaged in wholesale were included in the sample, regardless of the activity they are registered in. Since 2006, only companies that are registered in the 46 NACE Rev 2 (wholesale) sector are in the sample frame. Since 2006 there has been no interruption of the series.