

Montenegro

Roma Settlements 2018

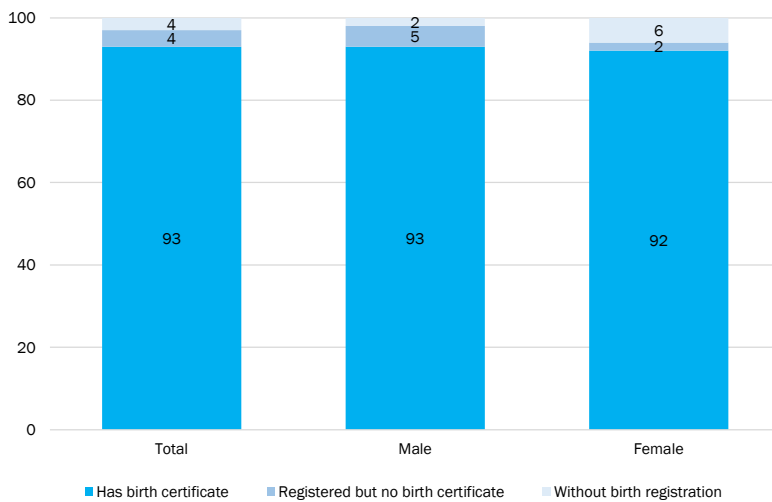


Multiple Indicator
Cluster Surveys



Birth Registration Levels in Roma Settlements

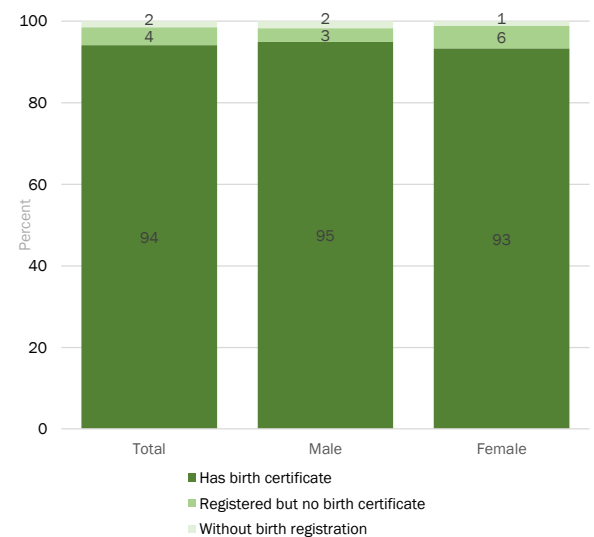
Birth registration for Children Under-Five: SDG 16.9.1



Percentage of children aged under-five in Roma Settlements whose births are registered, by whether or not they have a birth certificate and by sex

* Note: The figures do not add up to 100 percent because of rounding

Birth registration for Children age 5-17 years: SDG 16.9.1

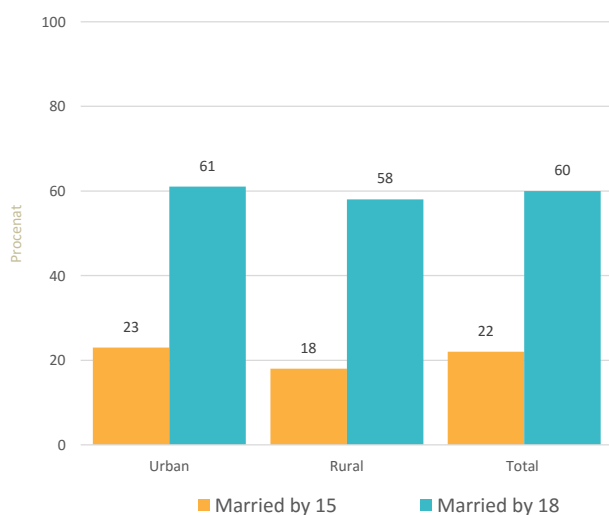


Percentage of children aged 5-17 years in Roma Settlements whose births are registered, by whether or not they have a birth certificate and by sex

* Note: The figures do not add up to 100 percent because of rounding

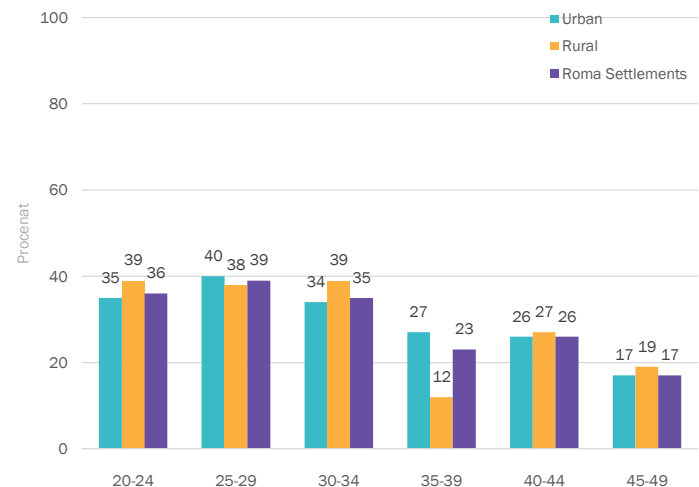
Child Marriage in Roma Settlements

Marriage before Age 15 & Age 18: SDG 5.3.1



Percentage of women aged 20-24 years in Roma Settlements who were first married or in union before age 15 and before age 18, by residence

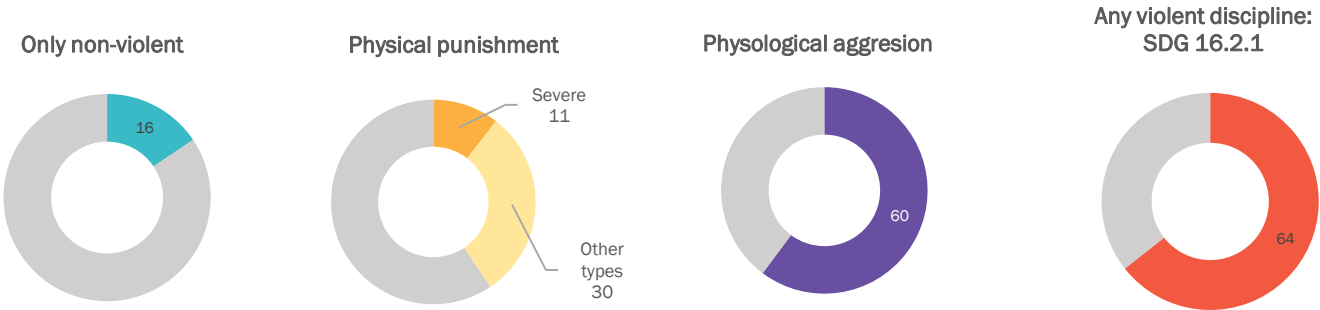
Trends in Early Child Bearing - by Age 18



Percentage of women aged 20-24 years in Roma Settlements who have had a live birth before age 18

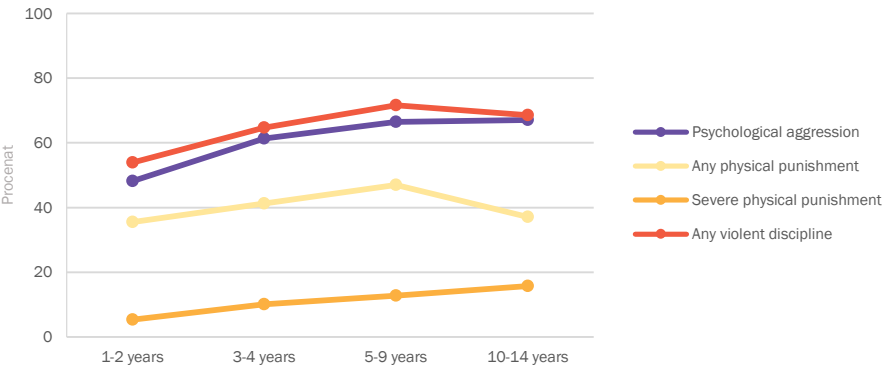
Child Discipline: Roma Settlements

Types of Child Discipline



Percentage of children aged 1 to 14 years in Roma Settlements who experienced any discipline in the past month, by type

Nasilno disciplinovanje: starosni obrasci



Percentage of children aged 1 to 14 years in Roma Settlements who experienced any violent discipline in the past month, by type and by age

Physical punishment: Shaking, hitting or slapping a child on the hand/arm/leg, hitting on the bottom or elsewhere on the body with a hard object, spanking or hitting on the bottom with a bare hand, hitting or slapping on the face, head or ears, and hitting or beating hard and repeatedly.

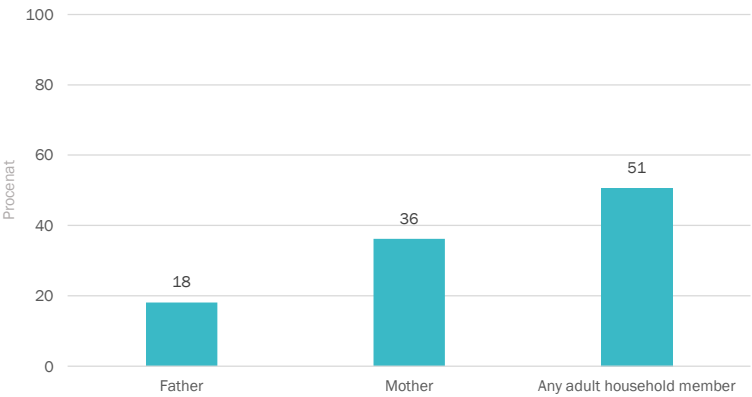
Severe physical punishment: Hitting or slapping a child on the face, head or ears, and hitting or beating a child hard and repeatedly.

Psychological aggression: Shouting, yelling or screaming at a child, as well as calling a child offensive names such as 'dumb' or 'lazy'.

Violent discipline: Any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression.

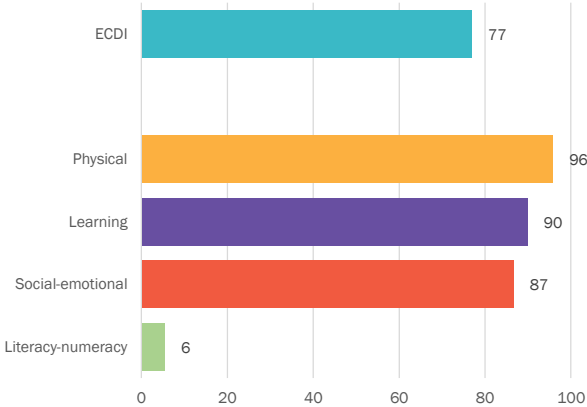
Support for Learning

Early Stimulation & Responsive Care



Percentage of children aged 24-59 months with whom mother, father or any adult household members have engaged in four or more activities
*Note: Activities include: reading books to the child; telling stories to the child; singing songs to the child; taking the child outside the home; playing with the child; and naming, counting or drawing things with the child

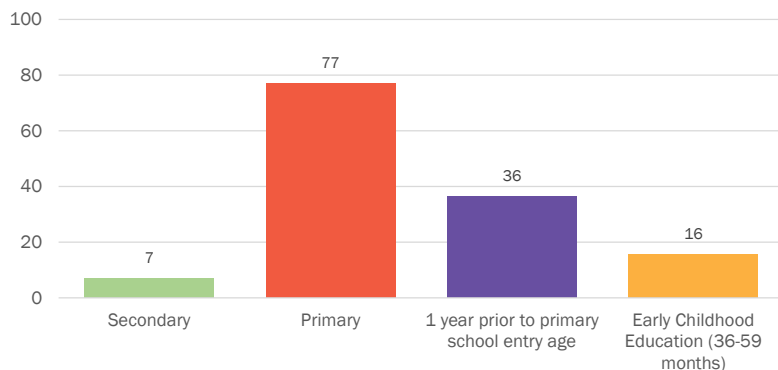
ECDI: Total Score & Domains, SDG 4.2.1



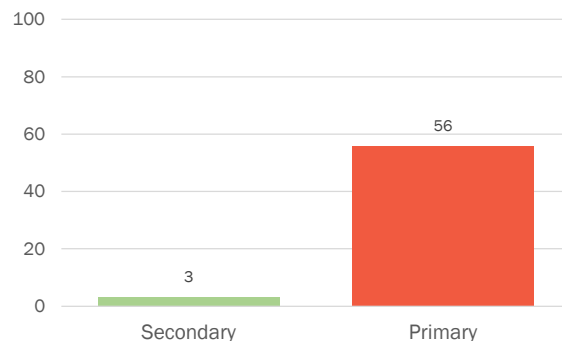
ECDI: Early Childhood Development Index; percentage of children aged 3-4 years who are developmentally on track in literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning domains

Attendance Rates & Inequalities: Roma Settlements

School Net Attendance Rates (adjusted)

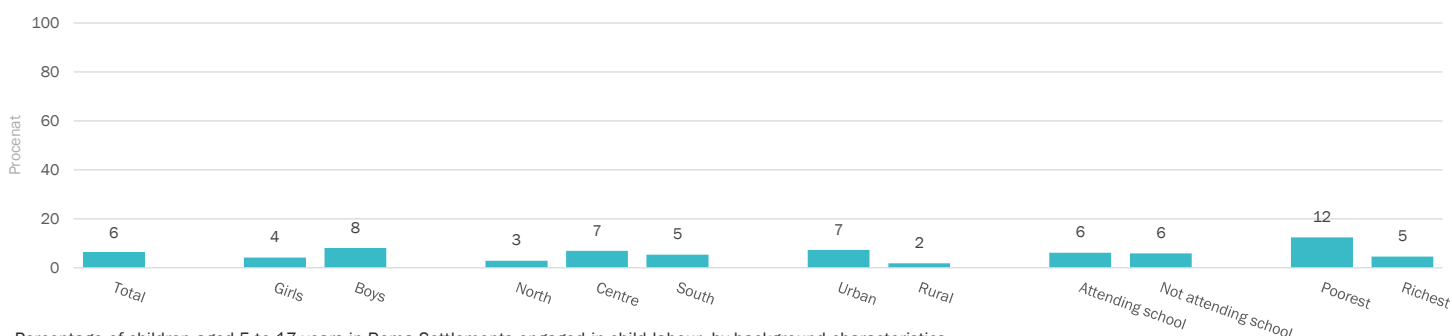


Completion Rates: Roma Settlements



Child Labour: Levels & Dissaggregates

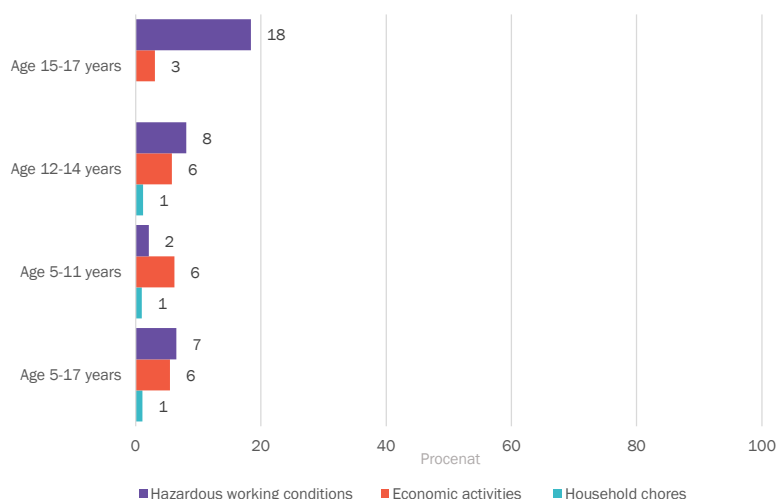
Child Labour for Age 5-17 years: SDG 8.7.1*



Percentage of children aged 5 to 17 years in Roma Settlements engaged in child labour, by background characteristics

**Estimates from MICS on child labour are different from those in the SDG database for indicator 8.7.1, as the database excludes the hazardous work component and applies a threshold of 21 hours for household chores for children aged 5-14 and no threshold for household chores for children aged 15-17

Types of Child Labour



Percentage of children aged 5 to 17 years in Roma Settlements engaged in child labour, by type of activity and by age

Note: These data reflect the proportions of children engaged in the activities at or above the age specific thresholds outlined in the definitions box.

Definition of Child Labour

Age 5 to 11 years: At least 1 hour of economic work, 28 hours of unpaid household services per week or hazardous working conditions.

Age 12 to 14 years: At least 14 hours of economic work, 28 hours of unpaid household services per week or hazardous working conditions.

Age 15 to 17 years: At least 43 hours of economic or unpaid household services per week or hazardous working conditions.

Economic activities include paid or unpaid work for someone who is not a member of the household, work for a family farm or business.

Household chores include activities such as cooking, cleaning or caring for children, as well as collecting firewood or fetching water.

The Montenegro Roma Settlements Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2018 by the Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT) as a part of the global MICS programme. Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF, the Government of Montenegro, and UNHCR provided financial support.

The objective of this snapshot is to disseminate selected findings from the 2018 Montenegro Roma Settlements MICS

Further statistical snapshots and the Survey Findings Report for this and other MICS surveys are available on mics.unicef.org/surveys. More snapshots can find [here](#)