

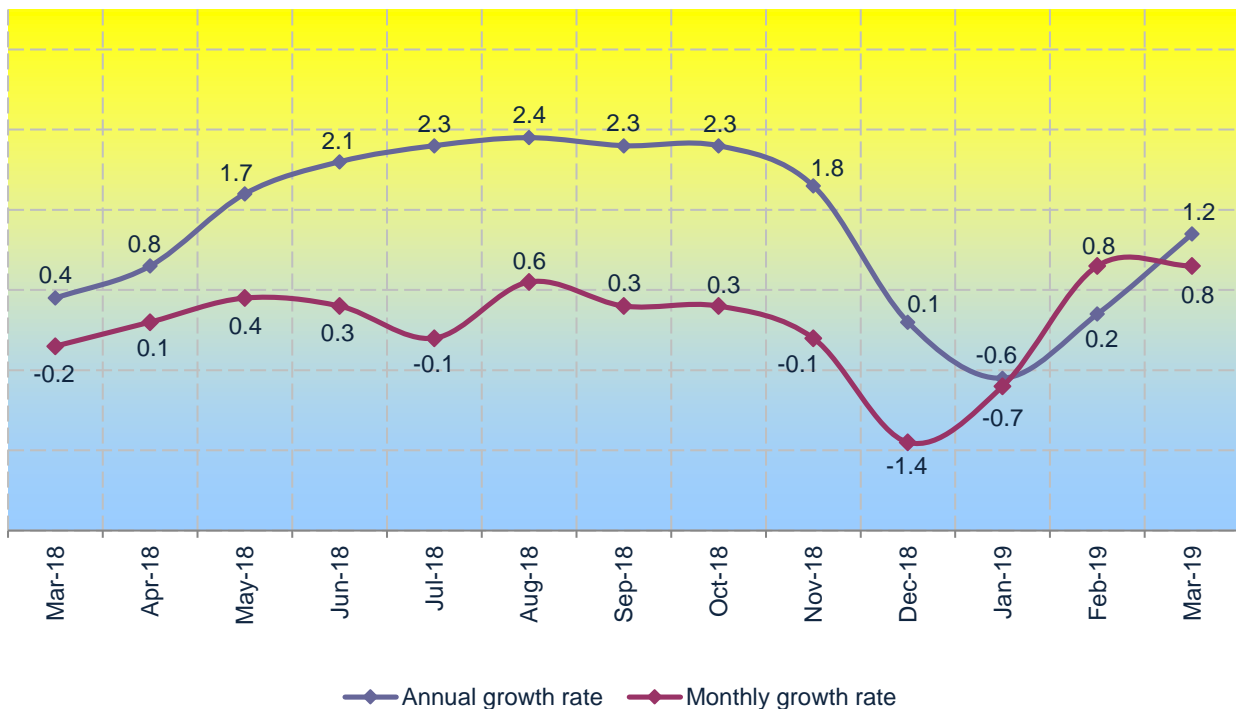
Price Indices of Industrial Products Imported in Montenegro *March 2019^(p)*

Prices of industrial products imported in Montenegro for March 2019 compared with February of the same year increased for 0.8%.

Import prices of industrial products in March 2019 compared with same month of previous year increased for 1.2%.

Growth rate of prices of imported industrial products in period January-March 2019 compared with the same period of previous year is 0.3%.

Growth rate of import prices, in %



- ❖ **Annual growth rate** – change in prices in a month of current year compared with the same month of the previous year, in %.
- ❖ **Monthly growth rate** – change in prices in a month compared with the previous month, in %

Price Indices of Industrial Products Imported in Montenegro

NACE Rev.2	Name	<u>Mar 2019</u> Ø 2018	<u>Mar 2019</u> Feb 2019	<u>Mar 2019</u> Mar 2018	<u>Jan-Mar 2019</u> Jan-Mar 2018
	TOTAL	100.4	100.8	101.2	100.3
B	MINING AND QUARRYING	121.6	100.0	121.6	114.4
07	Mining of metal ores	121.6	100.0	121.6	114.4
C	MANUFACTURING	100.4	100.8	101.2	100.3
10	Manufacture of food products	103.5	101.5	102.5	102.1
11	Manufacture of beverages	100.2	100.0	100.0	100.7
12	Manufacture of tobacco products	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
13	Manufacture of textile	100.0	98.0	100.0	100.7
16	Manufacture of wood product, cork and similar	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
17	Manufacture of paper and paper products	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
19	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	98.2	102.8	103.8	98.9
20	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	100.5	100.0	100.5	100.1
21	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical prod. and preparations	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
22	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
23	Manufacture of other non-metal mineral products	100.0	100.1	100.0	100.0
24	Manufacture of basic metals	98.7	100.0	98.7	99.1
25	Manufacture of metal products except machinery	100.3	100.0	101.5	100.9
27	Manufacture of electrical equipment	100.0	100.0	100.1	99.6
28	Manufacture of other machinery and equipment	103.6	100.0	99.2	99.2
29	Manufacture of motor vehicles	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Special aggregates

BY PURPOSE OF CONSUMPTION	<u>Mar 2019</u> Ø 2018	<u>Mar 2019</u> Feb 2019	<u>Mar 2019</u> Mar 2018	<u>Jan-Mar 2019</u> Jan-Mar 2018
ENERGY	98.2	102.8	103.8	98.9
INTERMEDIATE GOODS, EXCEPT ENERGY	101.7	100.0	102.0	101.9
CAPITAL GOODS	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DURABLE CONSUMER GOODS	99.9	100.0	100.1	99.3
NON-DURABLE CONSUMER GOODS	100.6	100.8	99.9	99.8

METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

The purpose of statistics on import price indices is to collect the data on monthly price changes of industrial products from the import. Purchase price of industrial products from import is the price of a good delivered at the frontier of the importing country, including transportation costs, insurance charges, and any other costs incurred to that point (CIF price) that influence on the unit price of a product.

Price indices of industrial products from the import represent important economic indicators which can be used as an inflation measure, as time series deflators, especially for needs of national accounts and as an instrument for harmonising prices when different purchase and sale contracts are concluded.

This survey includes companies - importers of industrial products covered by sections of mining and quarrying and manufacturing of the NACE Rev. 2 classification, with more than five employees that meet the unit of measurement prescribed by the Nomenclature of industrial products per unit of product. The sample and weights are based on foreign trade statistics. The sample is determined by three criteria: selection of products with significant import values; selection of enterprises importing these selected products, selection of representative items in cooperation with the reporting units.

Data are published according [Statistical Release Calendar](#).

The last published data are considered **preliminary**, and becomes final within the defined deadline, as foreseen by the Statistical Release Calendar.

Special aggregates:

Energy – Includes activities of extraction, production, processing and distribution of energy.

Intermediate goods – Include products that are final product of manufacturing process, but can also be used as an input to other production processes.

Capital goods – Include heavy equipment which require relatively large investments, and are purchased for use over a long period of time.

Durable consumer goods – Include products for the mass market and are intended to last for several years.

Non-durable consumer goods – Include products for mass consumption, purchased by consumers for daily or frequent use.

Since January 2018, the index reference period for the calculation of Price indices of industrial products from import is 2015=100. This methodological change is at the same time a request from Eurostat, and it refers to all short-term statistics.

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81000 Podgorica, IV Proleterske 2, Phone: (+382) 20 230-811, Fax: (+382) 20 230-814

The release prepared by:

Aleksandra ČVOROVIĆ

Tel. +382-20-231 004

e-mail: contact@monstat.org