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## RELEASE

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## Turnover Indices of Retail Trade May 2012

Turnover of goods in retail trade in Montenegro in May 2012 compared with April 2012 is higher in current prices for $5.6 \%$ and in constant prices for $5.3 \%$.

Turnover of goods in retail trade in May 2012 compared with May 2011 in current prices is higher for 9.8\%. and in constant prices for 6.9\%.

All published indices of current month should be treated as previous ones. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.

Graph 1. Turnover rate in retail trade at current and constant prices. 2010=100


Table 1.Turnover indices in retail trade in current and constant prices April 2012

| Indices | $\frac{\text { May 2012 }}{}$ | $\frac{\text { May 2012 }}{}$ | $\frac{\text { May 2012 }}{\text { May 2011 }}$ | $\frac{\text { Jan-May 2012 }}{\text { Jan-May 2011 }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Turnover indices of goods in current prices | 132.8 | 105.6 | 109.8 | 114.3 |
| Turnover indices of goods in constant prices | 125.4 | 105.3 | 106.9 | 111.1 |

Table 2 ${ }^{1}$.Turnover indices in retail trade in constant and current prices

| Month | Turnover indices of goods in current prices |  |  | Turnover indices of goods in constant prices |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2010=100 | Monthly indices | Annual indices | 2010=100 | Monthly indices | Annual indices |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan | 106.5 | 83.6 | 121.4 | 101.8 | 83.2 | 116.9 |
| Feb | 104.5 | 98.1 | 116.3 | 99.6 | 97.8 | 112.5 |
| Mar | 124.0 | 118.6 | 108.0 | 117.9 | 118.4 | 105.8 |
| Apr | 125.7 | 101.4 | 118.6 | 119.1 | 101.1 | 115.7 |
| May | 132.8 | 105.6 | 109.8 | 125.4 | 105.3 | 106.9 |
| 2011 | 125.1 |  |  | 120.8 |  |  |
| Jan | 87.8 | 94.6 | 118.6 | 87.1 | 93.8 | 117.7 |
| Feb | 89.9 | 102.4 | 112.8 | 88.5 | 101.6 | 111.0 |
| Mar | 114.8 | 127.7 | 143.9 | 111.4 | 125.9 | 139.7 |
| Apr | 106.0 | 92.3 | 113.0 | 102.9 | 92.4 | 109.8 |
| May | 120.9 | 114.1 | 116.7 | 117.4 | 114.0 | 113.2 |
| Jun | 133.1 | 110.0 | 123.6 | 128.0 | 109.1 | 118.9 |
| Jul | 157.3 | 118.2 | 136.8 | 151.3 | 118.2 | 131.5 |
| Aug | 171.0 | 108.7 | 121.8 | 164.0 | 108.4 | 116.8 |
| Sep | 148.1 | 86.6 | 125.2 | 142.1 | 86.7 | 120.1 |
| Okt | 127.2 | 85.9 | 126.4 | 121.9 | 85.8 | 121.1 |
| Nov | 117.2 | 92.1 | 124.4 | 112.3 | 92.1 | 119.2 |
| Dec | 127.4 | 108.7 | 137.2 | 122.3 | 108.9 | 131.7 |
| Ø 2010 | 100.0 |  |  | 100.0 |  |  |
| Jan | 74.0 | 66.1 | 88.3 | 74.0 |  |  |
| Feb | 79.7 | 107.7 | 92.1 | 79.7 | 107.7 |  |
| Mar | 79.8 | 100.1 | 93.7 | 79.8 | 100.1 |  |
| Apr | 93.8 | 117.6 | 96.3 | 93.8 | 117.6 |  |
| May | 103.6 | 110.5 | 105.2 | 103.6 | 110.5 |  |
| Jun | 107.7 | 103.9 | 101.3 | 107.7 | 103.9 |  |
| Jul | 115.0 | 106.8 | 88.1 | 115.0 | 106.8 |  |
| Aug | 140.4 | 122.1 | 102.8 | 140.4 | 122.1 |  |
| Sep | 118.3 | 84.3 | 115.7 | 118.3 | 84.3 |  |
| Oct | 100.7 | 85.1 | 101.7 | 100.7 | 85.1 |  |

[^0]Table $3^{2}$. Annual rate of turnover of retail trade in constant prices in EU countries. $\%$

|  | $\frac{\text { Oct } 2011}{\text { Oct } 2010}$ | $\frac{\text { Nov } 2011}{\text { Nov } 2010}$ | $\frac{\text { Dec } 2011}{\text { Dec } 2010}$ | $\frac{\text { Jan } 2012}{\text { Jan } 2011}$ | $\frac{\text { Feb } 2012}{\text { Feb } 2011}$ | $\frac{\text { Mar } 2012}{\text { Mar } 2011}$ | $\frac{\text { Apr } 2012}{\text { Apr } 2011}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EA 17 | -0.7 | -1.3 | -1.7 | -1.1 | -2.0 | -0.2 | -2.5 |
| EU 27 | -0.3 | -0.6 | 0.1 | -0.3 | -1.2 | 0.9 | -1.9 |
| Belgium (BE) | -0.4 | -3.1 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 5.6 | -4.5 |
| Bulgaria (BG) | -5.2 | -5.4 | -2.5 | -2.6 | -6.4 | -1.8 | -0.3 |
| Čzech Republic(CZ) | -1.2 | -0.4 | 2.0 | 0.1 | -2.4 | 1.5 | c |
| Denmark (DK) | -4.4 | -3.1 | -1.6 | -3.4 | -4.6 | -0.6 | -3.4 |
| Germany (DE) | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | -1.3 | -2.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Estonia (EE) | 4.7 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 9.1 | 8.5 |
| Ireland (IE) | -2.9 | -0.5 | 1.1 | -2.4 | -1.4 | -0.8 | -3.3 |
| Greece (EL) | -10.8 | -8.9 | -12.6 | -10.6 | -12.8 | -16.1 | C |
| Špain (ES) | -7.0 | -7.0 | -5.6 | -5.7 | -6.6 | -3.9 | -9.6 |
| France (FR) | 2.8 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Italy(IT) | -1.4 | -3.3 | -5.5 | -0.3 | -2.2 | -0.7 | c |
| Cyprus (CY) | -1.2 | -2.2 | -6.4 | -1.2 | 0.8 | -3.2 | c |
| Latvia (LV) | 5.4 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 15.1 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 7.8 |
| Lithuania(LT) | 9.8 | 12.3 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.1 |
| Luxembourg (LU) | 6.1 | 8.0 | 18.7 | 10.0 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 2.4 |
| Hungary (HU) | 0.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 0.7 | -1.2 | 0.8 | c |
| Malta (MT) | 7.9 | -0.8 | 1.6 | -6.1 | -0.9 | -2.9 | -4.6 |
| Netherland (NL) | -2.3 | -2.7 | -2.2 | -0.5 | -4.4 | -2.5 | c |
| Austria (AT) | -1.6 | -0.9 | -1.9 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 3.7 | -2.5 |
| Poland (PL) | -0.4 | 0.3 | -1.4 | 2.9 | -2.3 | 1.9 | 0.8 |
| Portugal (PT) | -9.8 | -9.2 | -8.7 | -7.1 | -8.6 | -4.6 | -9.3 |
| Romania (RO) | 2.1 | 2.9 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| Slovenia (SI) | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 4.1 | -1.2 | 0.9 | -3.4 |
| Slovakia (SK) | -2.9 | -2.7 | -3.2 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 0.8 | -1.9 |
| Finland (FI) | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 4.8 | -0.7 |
| Sweden (SE) | -1.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 0.4 |
| United Kongdom (UK) | 1.7 | 1.4 | 6.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 4.6 | -0.3 |

[^1]Table 4. Percentage changes in turnover in constant prices by activities in Montenegro. \%

| Nace Rev2 | Activities | $\frac{\text { Dec 2011 }}{\text { Dec 2010 }}$ | $\frac{\text { Jan 2012 }}{\text { Jan 2011 }}$ | $\frac{\text { Feb 2012 }}{\text { Feb 2011 }}$ | $\frac{\text { Mar 2012 }}{\text { Mar 2011 }}$ | $\frac{\text { Apr 2012 }}{\text { Apr 2011 }}$ | $\frac{\text { May 2012 }}{\text { May 2011 }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G473 | Retail trade of automotive fuel <br> G471 | -2.7 | -19.4 | 15.0 | 13.7 | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| Getail trade in non-specialized |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade of food. drink and <br> tobacco <br> Retail trade of pharmaceutical. <br> medical. cosmetic and toilet <br> preparations <br> Other retail trade in the spec. | 58.4 | 25.3 | 8.8 | 18.5 | 22.0 | 8.8 |  |
| G47_NF_HLTH | -31.9 | 1.3 | 8.5 | -0.2 | 0.8 | 8.0 |  |
| G47_NF_OTH | -19.2 | -17.2 | -20.6 | -11.5 | -4.9 | -15.8 |  |
| Gtores | 16.6 | 23.2 | 30.7 | 24.7 | 13.8 | 10.2 |  |

Note: Data are not seasonally adjusted. and because of that they are not comparable with EU data.

## Graph 2. Share of activities in total retail trade (May2012.)



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { G473 } \\
& \text { G471 } \\
& \text { G472 } \\
& \text { G47_NF_HLTH } \\
& \text { G47_NF_OTH }
\end{aligned}
$$

## METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

## Data sources

The data on internal trade of enterprises engaged in the retail trade are collected by regular monthly survey. The survey is based on the sample and covers enterprises classified in areas 50 and 52 in accordance with Activity Classification.

## Coverage

Internal trade statistics covers and presents turnover of enterprises with the retail trade as their main activity. Monthly survey on retail trade is conducted at the basis of sample including all large and middle enterprises. and small and micro ones are defined by the random sample method.

## Definitions

Turnover of goods in retail trade represents the value of goods of enterprises sold to to final consumers. i.e. population for personal consumption and household use. as well as to legal and natural persons for performing industries.

Indices of turnover of goods in constant prices are received by deflating index in current prices. by appropriate indices of retail goods prices.
All published indices should be treated as previous. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ With transition to the new classification NACE Rev.2, Trade of motor vehicles and motorcycles and trade of parts of motor vehicles are being monitored by a special research Trg10M, since January 2012. Considering these changes or the new classification NACE Rev.2, the turnover indices in retail trade are recalculated and presented by the new classification NACE Rev. 2 since year 2010.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Table 3 is taken from the official website of Eurostat and shows turnover rates of retail trade of the current month compared to the same month last year.

