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Turnover Indices of Retail Trade December 2013

Turnover of goods in retail trade in Montenegro in December 2013. compared with November 2013 is higher in current prices for 10.1% and in constant prices for 10.6%.

Turnover of goods in retail trade in December 2013. compared with December 2012. in current prices is higher for 14.2% and in constant prices for 14.5%.

All published indices of current month should be treated as previous ones. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.



Graph 1. Annual turnover indices in retail trade at current and constant prices

Table 1. Turnover indices in retail trade in current and constant prices

December 2013

Indices	<u>Dec 2013</u> Ø 2010	<u>Dec 2013</u> Nov 2013	<u>Dec 2013</u> Dec 2012	<u>Jan-Dec 2013</u> Jan-Dec 2012
Turnover indices of goods in current prices	148.6	110.1	114.2	111.3
Turnover indices of goods in constant prices	140.0	110.6	114.5	109.5

Table 2¹. Turnover indices in retail trade in constant and current prices

Month	Turnover indices	of goods in curre	nt prices	Turnover indices of goods in constant prices			
	2010=100	Monthly indices	Annual indices	2010=100	Monthly indices	Annual indices	
2013							
Jan	119.4	91.8	112.1	111.4	91.2	109.5	
Feb	113.4	94.7	108.2	105.3	94.5	105.7	
Mar	132.2	116.9	106.6	122.9	116.8	104.3	
Apr	135.4	102.4	107.8	125.6	102.2	105.4	
May	144.2	106.5	108.6	133.2	106.1	106.2	
Jun	151.5	105.1	110.3	139.8	104.9	108.0	
Jul	179.1	118.2	111.5	164.9	118.0	109.0	
Aug	197.9	110.5	114.4	182.5	110.6	112.2	
Sep	172.5	87.1	111.5	161.1	88.3	109.9	
Oct	152.8	88.6	116.0	142.2	88.3	115.4	
Nov	135.0	88.3	112.8	126.5	89.0	112.5	
Dec	148.6	110.1	114.2	140.0	110.6	114.5	
2012							
Jan	106.5	83.6	121.4	101.8	83.2	116.9	
Feb	104.5	98.1	116.3	99.6	97.8	112.5	
Mar	124.0	118.6	108.0	117.9	118.4	105.8	
Apr	125.7	101.4	118.6	119.1	101.1	115.7	
May	132.8	105.6	109.8	125.4	105.3	106.9	
Jun	137.4	103.5	103.3	129.5	103.2	101.1	
Jul	160.6	116.9	102.1	151.8	117.3	100.3	
Aug	173.0	107.7	101.1	162.7	107.5	99.2	
Sep	154.7	89.4	104.4	146.5	90.1	103.1	
Oct	131.7	85.1	103.5	123.2	84.1	101.1	
Nov	119.7	90.9	102.1	112.5	91.3	100.2	
Dec	130.1	108.7	102.1	122.2	108.6	100.2	

¹ With transition to the new classification NACE Rev.2, Trade of motor vehicles and motorcycles and trade of parts of motor vehicles are being monitored by a special research Trg10M, since January 2012. Considering these changes or the new classification NACE Rev.2, the turnover indices in retail trade are recalculated and presented by the new classification NACE Rev.2 since year 2010.

Since January 2013, in the sample frame have been included a company that is engaged in retail trade even though they are registered in another activity.

Table 3². Annual rate of turnover of retail trade in constant prices in EU countries,%

	<u>Jun 2013</u> Jun 2012	<u>Jul 2013</u> Jul 2012	Avg 2013 Avg 2012	Sep 2013 Sep 2012	Okt 2013 Okt 2012	Nov 2013 Nov 2012
EA 17	-1.4	-0.7	-0.2	0.0	-0.3	1.6
EA 18	-1.3	-0.7	-0.2	0.0	-0.3	1.6
EU 28	-0.4	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.3	2.0
Belgium (BE)	1.6	3.1	1.8	-3.6	-4.3	-0.5
Bulgaria (BG)	0.6	4.4	4.9	6.2	6.9	6.2
Čzech Republic(CZ)	-2.6	-0.8	1.1	0.0	-0.7	С
Denmark (DK)	0.4	-1.9	-0.7	-1.6	-2.2	0.2
Germany (DE)	-0.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	-0.1	1.6
Estonia (EE)	0.5	1.2	2.8	-0.7	5.5	5.7
Ireland (IE)	1.6	1.6	1.3	0.2	-1.5	С
Greece (EL)	-8.0	-13.9	-7.7	-5.2	-0.9	С
Špain (ES)	-6.7	-5.2	-6.3	2.1	-0.3	2.1
France (FR)	-0.9	1.4	2.4	1.5	0.7	2.4
Croatia	4.9	0.3	3.1	8.0	-1.5	С
Italy(IT)	-0.3	-1.3	-0.2	-0.7	-0.4	С
Cyprus (CY)	С	С	С	С	С	С
Latvia (LV)	2.7	3.4	2.1	2.1	3.4	5.0
Lithuania(LT)	6.9	5.9	6.2	4.2	3.1	4.2
Luxembourg (LU)	13.0	8.5	10.9	8.6	7.3	12.6
Hungary (HU)	-0.4	1.3	1.4	0.4	2.4	4.8
Malta (MT)	-3.9	8.7	1.8	1.9	2.5	-0.6
Netherland (NL)	-3.7	-4.0	-3.6	-5.0	-3.1	С
Austria (AT)	-1.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	-1.0	1.7
Poland (PL)	5.3	5.4	6.6	7.0	5.0	7.2
Portugal (PT)	-2.0	-1.0	0.1	-1.6	0.0	3.5
Romania (RO)	-2.5	0.0	-0.1	-0.5	1.9	1.9
Slovenia (SI)	-2.5	-6.1	-3.5	-4.6	-1.2	0.1
Slovakia (SK)	0.9	1.7	-0.2	-1.0	-0.7	1.3
Finland (FI)	-1.3	-1.6	-1.5	-0.5	0.3	-0.5
Sweden (SE)	3.1	1.2	2.3	1.3	3.1	4.0
United Kongdom (UK)	1.8	2.5	-1.5	2.0	1.7	2.6

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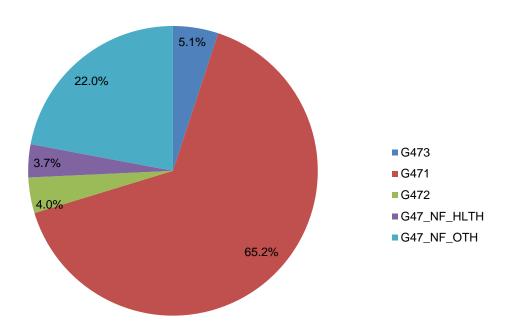
² Table 3 is taken from the official website of Eurostat and shows turnover rates of retail trade of the current month compared to the same month last year.

Table 4. Percentage changes in turnover in constant prices by activities in Montenegro, %

Nace Rev2	Activities	<u>Jul 2013</u> Jul 2012	Aug 2013 Aug 2012	Sep 2013 Sep 2012	Oct 2013 Oct 2012	Nov 2013 Nov2012	Dec 2013 Dec 2012
G473	Retail trade of automotive fuel	-9.8	3.8	-12.0	-12.9	-16.4	-16.9
G471	Retail trade in non-specialized stores	21.2	26.5	30.5	36.2	51.4	44.3
G472	Retail trade of food. drink and tobacco	-0.7	21.2	-19.0	-16.9	-24.9	-15.6
G47_NF_HLTH	Retail trade of pharmaceutical. medical. cosmetic and toilet preparations	4.6	-3.5	5.9	8.4	-3.1	4.2
G47_NF_OTH	Other retail trade in the spec. stores	-15.9	-26.1	-16.7	-13.3	-29.1	-17.9
G47	Total retail	9.0	12.2	9.9	15.4	12.5	14.5
G47X473	Total trade without motor fuels	10.4	12.8	11.6	17.6	14.8	16.9

Note: Data are not seasonally adjusted. and because of that they are not comparable with EU data.

Graph 2. Share of activities in total retail trade (December 2013)



METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Data sources

The data on internal trade of enterprises engaged in the retail trade are collected by regular monthly survey. The survey is based on the sample and covers enterprises classified in areas 50 and 52 in accordance with Activity Classification.

Coverage

Internal trade statistics covers and presents turnover of enterprises with the retail trade as their main activity and some large companies engaged in retail and are registered in another activity. Monthly survey on retail trade is conducted at the basis of sample including all large and middle enterprises. and small and micro ones are defined by the random sample method.

Definitions

Turnover of goods in retail trade represents the value of goods of enterprises sold to to final consumers. i.e. population for personal consumption and household use. as well as to legal and natural persons for performing industries.

Indices of turnover of goods in constant prices are received by deflating index in current prices. by appropriate indices of retail goods prices.

All published indices should be treated as previous. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.

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